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## Patent claims:

- 1. Machine with an electromechanical converter, with a linear movable piston (30; 66) which is arranged in a tubular cylinder (20; 60) to operate as a working element in a motor or a generator and which is provided with magnetic elements which establish an outwardly directed electrical field of force, which is effective towards a surrounding row of tubular coils (21a; 64), where at each end of the cylinder (20; 60) is formed a gas spring which forms a resonance-effective arrangement, and where the interaction between the magnetic fields of the coils (21a; 64) and the magnetic elements (38; 68) respectively obtain energy transmission between the electrical energy in the coils and the mechanical energy of the axial movement of the piston (30; 66) in the cylinder (20; 60), characterized in
- that the cylinder (20; 60) is closed to form tight end chambers (40; 50), so that there at each end of the piston there is formed a gas spring of high pressure,
- that the piston supports a row of centrally placed tubular permanent magnets (38; 68) or alternative coils, and
- that the cylinder comprises a row of coordinated coils (21a; 64) or alternative permanent magnets for increasing the machine's piston area and/or the piston's length of stroke.
  - 2. Machine according to claim 1, **characterized** in that the piston (30) comprises a concentric row of tubular magnetic elements (38) which are placed with a mutual intermediate gap, and that in these gaps are arranged tubular coil arrangements (21) with coils (21a) for increasing the area of the piston.
  - 3. Machine according to claim 2, characterized in that the piston, is at least on one end, connected to a piston bar (34, 35), said piston bar is guided out through an end chamber (40, 50) for transferring the mechanical energy to or from the machine.
    - 4. Machine according to claim 2 or 3, characterized in that the mass of the piston is over 4 kg.
    - 5. Machine according to one of claims 2-4, characterized in that the area of the piston with a machine with a length of stroke of about 10 cm is greater than 0,03 m<sup>2</sup>.

- 6. Machine according to one of claims 1-5, **characterized** in that the pressure inside the casing at each side of the piston (30) in the end chambers (40, 50) is over 10, preferably over 30 bar.
- 7. Machine according to claim 1, **characterized** in that the walls of the cylinder are formed of a thin-walled tube (65) made out of electrically and magnetically non-conductive material, which works as a slide bearing, and which serves as support for the coil windings (64).
- 8. Machine according to claim 7, characterized in that there at least at one end of the cylinder (60) is placed a helical spring, which ensures the central rest position of the piston in view of vertical installation.
- 9. Machine according to claim 7, characterized in that the permanent magnets are
  multipolar, particularly assembled of several magnets with or without iron in-between, so
  that more than two magnetic poles along the piston are formed.
  - 10. Machine according to claim 1, **characterized** in that the permanent magnets surround the piston and the coil windings lie inside the piston.

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- 11. Machine according to claim 7, **characterized** in that the casing (60) is arranged to be connected directly to a load or a driving unit.
- 12. Application of a machine according to the invention, **characterized** in that it will be placed directly on an element which shall be vibrated, without a piston bar.
  - 13. Application according to claim 12, **characterized** in that the machine will be coupled on the rear of the bit of a drill steel for drilling for oil and mining operations, to generate hammer drilling with an ordinary drill.

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14. Application according to claim 12, **characterized** in that the machine will be coupled to a tube or a beam which shall be driven down into the ground.